

## <u>Ideal ERAS patient journey for deceased donor recipients</u>

Pre-op	Peri-operative	Post-op Day 0	Post-op Day 1	Post-op Day 2	Post-op Day 3	Post-op Day 4	Discharge	Follow-up
Pre-op information booklet including physio	Aim for day 4 discharg Therefore discuss disc	nway checklist to en	Aim for day 4  Info sheet; contact numbers & anticipated follow-up plan	OPD as standard				
Waiting list discussion with physio & coordinators	Communication and collaboration with theatre/anaesthetic team about ERAS targets/goals	Early transfer to 215 and communication about ERAS targets and goals		y/surgical/ a etician/psyc	naesthetic/	Early self-meds and reinforcement of day 4 discharge date if possible	Encourage to call if concerns  OPD/Ambulatory care review	
Carbohydrate drink -8hrs and -2hrs (if appropriate after discussion anaesthetic team)	Short acting anaesthetic agents and anti-emetics to reduce nausea	Clear fluids on return to 215 unless otherwise stated in op note Resume diet as tolerated Ondansetron & laxatives PRN	Normal diet Snacks availab Out of bed for	•	t to help the	mselves		Self reported outcomes  Anticipated remote monitoring between clinic visits
Encourage clear fluids 2hrs before GA (after check anaesthetic team)	Limited IV fluid  Case by case consideration; CVC if poor IV access/ central drug access	U0 +60ml/hr post Standard close flut Daily weight to ma	id balance					
Physio input via transplant coordinator listing meeting	Physio leaflet to reinforce importance of activity and deep inspiration post op	Nurse encouragen physio aid if presc Day 1 physio revie Otherwise day 3 p	ribed w if flagged pre	•	Home with written physio advice sheets			

Clear	Pre-op block or local	IV or PO	5mg BD	48hrs BD 0	xycodone M	R	2/7 opioid PRN	
explanation of ERAS pathway and benefits	infiltration by surgeon (anaesthetist discretion)	paracetamol QID Fentanyl PCA	Oxycodone MR (1 <sup>st</sup> dose 2hrs before PCA down)	PRN Oxycodone IR  QID PO paracetamol				
	Fentanyl PCA	with plan to stop 0800 day 1	Stop PCA	TDS 30mg PO Nefopam				
			Oxycodone IR PRN	Laxatives with oral opioids				
			QID paracetamol					
	Surgery as minimally invasive as possible to aid mobilisation	Sit up/out of bed in comfy chair	Ambulation with assistance 20m walk 40m walk 4hrs chair	60m walk 60m walk 6hrs chair	60m x4	100m walk x4	Advice on keeping active and self-isolation as per government guidelines Confirm review plan	
	Ureteric stenting as standard		Change into home clothes	Consider removing catheter	Catheter out if no concerns about bladder function	Catheter out if anuric pre-op or high risk TWOC		Stent removal in ambulatory care 3/52 post op
	TED stockings, calf compression, heparin as per protocol	VTE prophylaxis a	s standard					

## Throughout:

Education events and staff updates with sessions from NHS Lothian ERAS nurse.

Audit of documentation and adherence. Regular patient and staff satisfaction questionnaires. Requests for feedback on areas for improvement.

Regular reflection and review of pathway. Use of NHS Lothian cross specialty School of Surgery booklets.

Update on progress, evidence of improvement and audit outcomes in newsletters/emails to interested parties.